Attached is one of four statements received from State
Department employees who worked on the project of removing all
evidence of communistic activities, etc., from the files of
State Department employees.

July 6, 1950

The following information is given by me feely and voluntarily without any promises whatever. I furnish this information because it is the truth and I feel it is my patriotic duty to furnish the facts as I efferienced them.

A conjust 1996 of was released from the U.S. Mary in Culifornia. I came to Washington, D. b. and while in Washington, D. b. and while into the Walker Johnson bruilding of thate Department into the Walker Johnson bruilding of thate Department at 18th a new york are now. I tulked to a fellow in the Atle Department by the name of Holcombe. I got a temporary clerical job in the files at the walker Johnson Bldy. These files were the Departmental personnell files breated in the Walker Deharm Bldy. I started work in these files in Sept 1986. When I reported for duty I was total that I would here worker, in a project on these files. This he worker, in a project on these files. This was that work in the before I may it had been going on for sometime before I may it had been going on for sometime before I working on this project.

I was not formily and spenficully make ted as to what the purpose of the project was, But as to what I was motivated by the other clerks, from what I was motivated by the other clerks, I and the other clerks were to go through each personnell file and pull out all dirigatory hers malling from the file. In addition to the

Usual personnell forms, the files contained all kinds of letters, reports, inamorandum concerning the individual perm. as per instructions excerved, all of the clerks on this project were to pull out of the files all makers matters considered derogatory When morally or politically. The project was very confused but I and the other clerks fulled out of each personell file any material which could be considered devogatory. This material was removed and some was thrown in wadebaskets by us and some was thrown in the to a cordboard box. I don't know what hopponed to the derogatory material we fulled out from the files but I do know of my own knowledge that a good lot of it was distroyed. I do not recall details of each personell file & examined, but the material & pulled out of the file pertained to either the morals of the herson or in someway reflected on his of her loyalty. I recall one thick report on one State defartment employee who was recurred of being a photographer and a member of some subversive organization which fublished some sort of news report. This was thrown removed from the file and disposed of. I worked from September till the end of December 1946 working on this file project pulling out and disposing of

the derogatory material as per my understanding given Pleft on Dec 31, 1946 and this project on the personnell file was still not finished, but my temporary affortment ran out and my employment with the state Deft. ended. I cantrecall who the official in change of these files was I met him only once avery few times but I could lasily relognize him if I paw him. I have read this statement of three pages and the facts are time to the best of my knowledge and belief Witnessed July 6, 1950.

New York Herald Tribune Thursday, June 22, 1950

Tydings Asserts F. B. I. Cleared StateDept.Files

Says Check-Up Showed No Loyalty Data Tampering as Charged by McCarthy

By Raymond J. Blair

WASHINGTON, June 21.—A
check by the F. B. I. has failed to
substantiate Senator Joseph R.
McCarthy's charge that eightyone State Department loyalty files
have been "raped" to eliminate
damaging evidence, Senator Millard E. Tydings, Democrat, of
Maryland, said today.

Senator Tydings is chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations sub-committee investigating charges by Senator McCarthy, Republican, of Wisconsin, of communism in the State Department. The loyalty records were made available to the Tydings, subcommittee. May 4 by President Truman. Senator Me-Carthy recently charged they had been "raped, skeletonized or tampered with" so that they did not contain all of the relevant material.

Senator Tydings told reporters that upon hearing Senator McCarthy's charge, he asked the Justice Department to investigate. Today he received the department's report, he said, in a letter from Peyton Ford, assistant to Attorney General J. Howard McGrath.

The report said, Senator Tydings stated, that a study by F.B. I. agents had shown the files were "intact" and that all F. B. I. material on the eighty-one individuals involved, whom Senator McCarty has accused of Communist leanings, was included.

Senator Tydings also said that study of the files would be completed by the subcommittee Sunday night. It was not clear, however, whether this program was acceptable to all subcommittee members.

NEW YORK TIMES

THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1

M'CARTHY IS HELD REFUTED ON FILES

Tydings Says F. B. I. Reports
Dossiers Not Tampered With
—Group to End Examination

By WILLIAM S. WHITE Special to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WASHINGTON, June 21—Senate investigators will close on Sunday night their two-month examination of eighty-one confidential State Department loyalty files and will return them at once to the Administration.

This was disclosed today by Senator Millard E. Tydings, Democrat of Maryland, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee that has been intermittently reading the dossiers in the White House in its investigation of Senator Joseph R. McCarthy's charges of communism in the State Department.

At the same time, Mr. Tydings asserted that a special inquiry by the Federal Bureau of investigation had established as false Mr. McCarthy's accusations that the files had been "raped" before being turned over to the subcommittee.

A letter just received from Peyton Ford, First Assistant Attorney General, stated, Senator Tydings added, that a special inquiry made by the Federal Bureau of Investigation produced the following results:

"That the files are intact, that they have not been raped skeletonized or lampered with in any way and that the material turned over to the State Department by the F. B. I is still in the files."

"Thus," Mr. Tydings added, "the

"Thus," Mr. Tydings added, "the McCarthy charges are not sustained by the facts." He declared himself unable to give out the text of Mr. Ford's letter because it would disclose the names of some of the persons whose files were under study.

121-23278-240

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR



Nederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Instice Washington 25, D. C.

July 10, 1950

Honorable Joseph R. McCarthy United States Senate Washington, D. C.

Ly dear Senator:

I have received your letter dated June 27, 1950 inquiring whether this Bureau has examined the 81 loyalty files which the members of the Tydings Committee have been scrutinizing and whether such an examination by the FBI has disclosed that the files are complete and that nothing has been removed therefrom.

The Federal Bureau of Investigation has made no such examination and therefore is not in a position to make any statement concerning the completeness or incompleteness of the State Department files.

For your information, the Federal Bureau of Investigation furnished Vr. Ford, at his request, a record of all loyalty material furnished the State Department in the 81 cases referred to. For your further information, I am enclosing a copy of Vr. Ford's letter to Senator Tydings which I have secured from the Attorney General.

Sincerely yours,

Enclosure

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

AMERICAN COUNCIL INSTITUTE OF PACIFIC RELATIONS

Members of Executive Committee - 1944

Robert D. Calkins, Chairman

/ Dugene E. Barnett

G. Ellsworth Huggins

Philip C. Jessup

James L. McConaughy >

Lawrence Morris

Mrs. Ada Comstock Notestein

Lawrence D. Seymour /

Frederick V. Field

Raymond Dennett, Secretary

School of Business, Columbia University

New York City

International Committee, Y.M.C.A.

New York City

Catlin Farish Company Inc.

New York City

Professor of International Law

Columbia University, N.Y.C.

United China Relief, Inc.

New York City

Hawkins, Delafield & Longfellow

New York City

Former President, Radcliffe College

Combridge, Mass.

Dodge & Seymour Ltd.

New York City

Council for Pan American Democracy

New York City

American Council, IPR, New York City

Kembers of Research Advisory Committee - 1944

Philip C. Jessup, Chairman

H. Foster Bain

Rupert Emerson

Grayson Kirk

Benjamin H. Kizer

* Harriet Loore

Frank M. Russell

Harold Sprout

Eugene Staley

Raymond Dennett, Secretary

Professor of International Law Columbia University, N.Y.C.

Mining Geologist and Engineer

Engineers Club, N.Y.C.

Foreign Economic Administration

Washington, D. C.

Professor, Institute of International

Studies, Yale University, New Haven, Conn.

Graves, Kizer & Graves

Spokane, Washington

American Russian Institute

New York City

Professor, University of California

San Francisco, California

Princeton University

Princeton, New Jersey

School of Advanced International Studies

Washington, D. C.

American Council, I.P.R.

New York City

American soples Fund. Inf.

16 W. i. 17th Street

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CO ISSUE STREET PROPERTY IN THE STREET OF TH

The attached is of some interest in the Jessup case in view of the State Department's press releases to the effect that Ambassador Jessup was only one of 50 trustees of the Institute of Pacific Relations.

The Research Advisory Council, of which Jessup was Chairman, had complete editorial control over the publication FAR EAST-ERN SURVEY, which concentrated upon selling the Communist Party line on Asia.

During 1943, E. C. Carter technically was in control of the magazine. However, the actual physical control was exercised by Jessup at the time of the Bisson article, which initiated the Communist Party line smear attack upon the anti-Communist forces in China and the lavish praise of the Chinese Communist leaders. The anti-Communist Chinese were referred to him when they objected to the fact that the FAR EASTERN SURVEY was following the Communist Party line on China.

The attached checks represent Communist money paid to support the Jessup publication. It will be noted they are signed by Frederick V. Field, the self-proclaimed Communist who has been named in sworn testimony before the Senate Committee as a Soviet espionage agent. At this time I am unable to supply the photostats of checks paid subsequent to December 1, 1943. The committee has been urged, but has refused, to subpoena Field's complete financial records.

121-23278-240

SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

TO: SECRETARY OF STATE. GEORGE C. MARSHALL

It becomes necessary due to the gravity of the situation to call your attention to a condition that developed and still flourishes in the State Department under the administration of Dean Acheson.

It is evident that there is a <u>deliberate</u>, <u>calculated</u> program being carried out not only to <u>protect Communist</u> personnel in high places, but to reduce security and intelligence protection to a nullity.

Regarding the much-publicized MARZANI case, the evidence brought out at his trial was well known to State Department officers, who ignored it and refused to act for a full year.

MARZANI and several other Department officials, with full knowledge of the State Department, and with Government time and money, promoted a scheme called PRESENTATIONS, INC., which contracted with a Communist dominated organization to disseminate propaganda.

Security objections to these and other even more dangerous developments were rebuffed by high administrative officials; and there followed the substitution of unqualified men for these competent, highly respected personnel who theretofore held the intelligence and security assignments in the Department. The new chief of controls is a man utterly devoid of background and experience for the job, who is and at the time of his appointment was known to those who appointed him to be, a cousin and close associate of a suspected coviet espionage agent. The next development was the refusal of the FBI, G-2, ONI and other federal investigative agencies to continue the whole hearted cooperation they had for years extended to the State Department.

On the file in the Department is a copy of a preliminary report of the FBI on Soviet espionage activities in the United States, which involves a large number of State Department employes, some in high official positions. This report has been challenged and ignored by those charged with the responsibility of administering the Department with the apparent tacit approval of Mr. Acheson. Should this case break before the State Department acts, it will be a national disgrace.

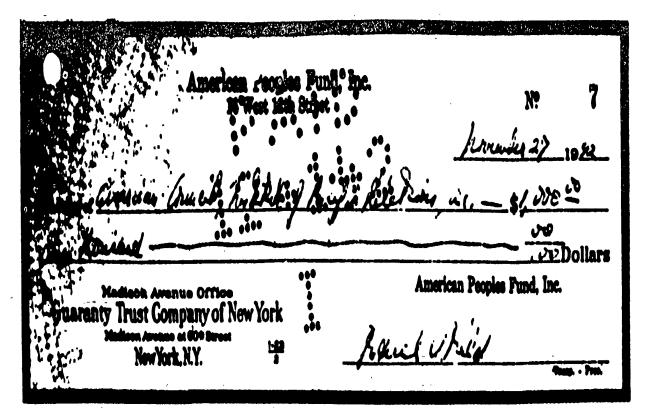
Voluminous files are on hand in the Department proving the connection of the State Department employes and officials with this Soviet espionage ring. Despite this, only two persons, one of whom is MARZANI, were released under the McCarran rider because of their subversive activity.

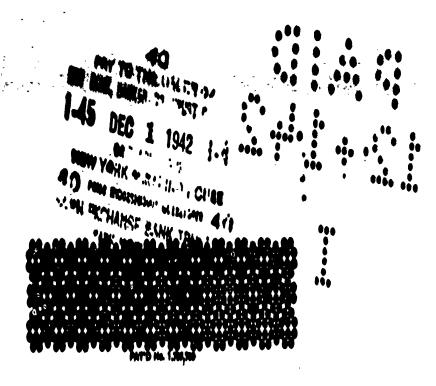
are only a few of the hundreds now employed in varying capacities who are protected and allowed to remain despite the fact that their presence is an obvious hazard to national security. There is also the extensive employment in highly classified position of admitted homosexuals, who are historically known to be security risks.

The War and Navy Departments have been thwarted for a year in their efforts to carry out the German Scientist program. They are blocked by one man in the State Department, a protege of Acheson named and the who is also the chief instrument in the subverting of the over-all security program.

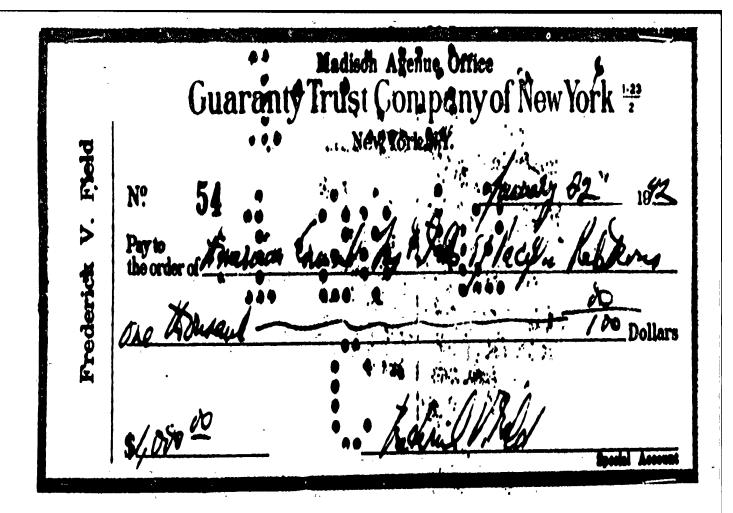
This deplorable condition runs all the way up and down the line. Assistant Secretary Braden also surrounded himself with men like and with Indiana who has a notorious international reputation. The network also extends into the office of Assistant Secretary Benton.

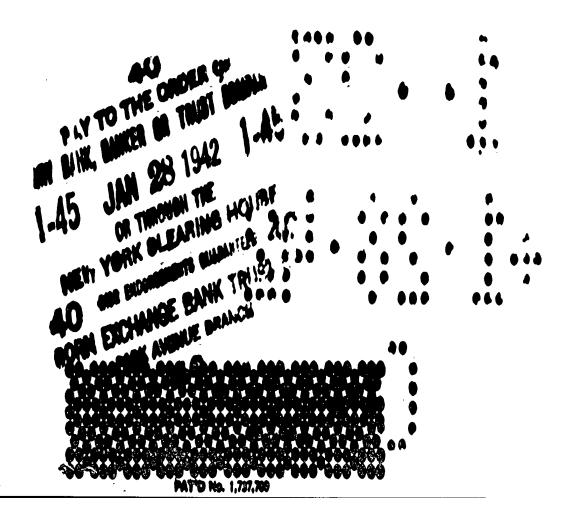
> SUBCOMMITTEE OF SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE





Agencies Compatibilities of Paper Company





Guaranty Trust Company of New York

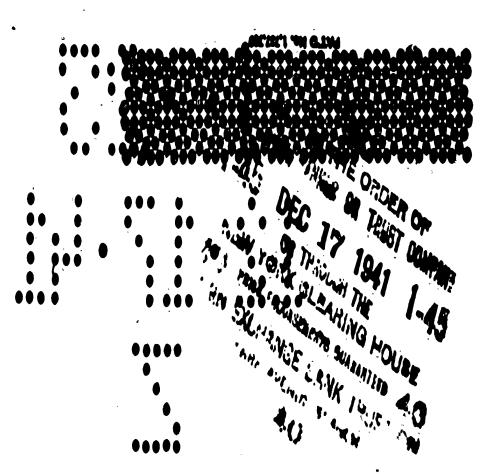
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(PHILIP JESSUP)

DATA ON COMMUNIST FRONT ORGANIZATIONS WITH WHICH AMBASSADOR JESSUP WAS AFFILIATED.

Source: "Citations by Official Government Agencies of Organizations and Publications found to be communist pr communist fronts," Prepared and released by Committee on Un-American Activities, U.S. House of Representatives, December 18, 1948.

AMERICAN COUNCIL, INSTITUTE OF PACIFIC RELATIONS

1. "Cited as a Communist front which received funds from the American People's Fund, another front organized and directed by Frederick V. Field as a repository for funds to be distributed to Communist enterprises."

(California State Legislature Committee on Un-American Activities, Report 1948, p. 168)

Note: "American People's Fund — organized and directed by Frederick Vanderbilt Field 'as a repository for funds to be distributed to Communist enterprises.' This 'Communist financial organization has paid out large sums of money to * * Communist and Communist-front organizations' such as National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Allied Labor News, American Russian Institute, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee."

(California State Legislature Committee on Un-American Activities, Report 1948, p. 168)

COORDINATING COMMITTEE TO LIFT THE SPANISH EMBARGO

1. "Cited as one of a number of front organizations, set up during the Spanish Civil War by the Communist Party in the United States and through which the Party carried on a great deal of agitation."

(Special Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, Report, March 29, 1944, pp. 137-138)

2. "Cited as a Communist front."
(California State Legislature Committee on UnAmerican Activities, Report, 1947, p. 210)

NATIONAL ELERGENCY CONFERENCE

- 1. "Cited as a Communist front."

 (Special Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, Report, Harch 29, 1944, p. 49)
- 2. "It will be remembered that during the days of the infamous Soviet-Nazi Pact, the Communists built protective organizations known as the National Emergency Conference, the National Emergency Conference for Democratic Rights, which culminated in the National Federation for Constitutional Liberties."

 (Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, Report No. 115, September 2, 1947, p. 12)
- 3. "Cited as a Communist front."
 (Californía State Legislature Committee on Un-American
 Activities, Report 1948, p. 115)

NATIONAL ELERGENCY CONFERENCE FOR DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS

- . "Cited as a Communist front."
 (Special Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities,
 House of Representatives, Report, March 29, 1944, pp. 48 and
 102)
- 2. "It will be remembered that during the days of the infamous Soviet-Nazi Pact, the Communists built protective organizations known as the National Emergency Conference, the National Emergency Conference for Democratic Rights, which culminated in the National Federation for Constitutional Liberties."

(Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, Report No. 115, September 2, 1947, p. 12)

3. "Cited as a Communist-front organization defending Communists.

'After the dissolution of the American League for Peace and
Democracy in February, 1910, the Communist Party frantically
organized a new series of front organizations. The National
Emergency Conference for Democratic Rights was one of the new
fronts and it was filled from top to bottom with veteran Communist Party liners."

(California State Legislature Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1968, pp. 112 and 327.)

4. "Cited as 'subversive and Un-American.'"
(Special Subcommittee of the House Committee on Appropriations, Report, April 21, 1943, p. 3)

AMBRICAN RUSSIAN INSTITUTE FOR CULTURAL RELATIONS WITH THE SOVIET UNION (Also known as the American Russian Institute)

- 1. "A direct agent of the Soviet Union, engaged in traitorous activities under the orders of Stalin's consular service in the United States. Founded in 1926 ***the semi-official status of the American Russian Institute is established."

 (California State Legislature Committee on Un-American Activities, Report 1948, pp. 169 and 327)
- 2. "Cited as 'a Communist organization supported by "intellectuals" "
 (Massachusetts House Committee on Un- American Activities,
 Report, 1938, p. 279)

AMERICAN LAW STUDENTS ASSOCIATION (Letterheads, which bear Jessup's name as member of Faculty Advisory Board, were printed in Communists print shop and bear label number 209, which is Communist print shop label).

- 1. The American Law Students Association was affiliated with the American Youth Congress.
 - (1) "Cited as subversive and Communist."
 (Attorney General Tom Clark, letters to Loyalty
 Review Board, released December k, 1947 and
 September 21, 1948)
 - (2) "It originated in 193h and ***has been controlled by Communists and manipulated by them to influence the thought of American youth."
 (Attorney General Francis Biddle, Congressional Record, September 2h, 19h2, p. 7685; also cited in re Harry Bridges, Hay 28, 19h2, p. 10)
 - (3) "One of the principal fronts of the Communist Party" and "prominently identified with the White House picket line***under the immediate auspices of the American Peace Lobilization."

 (Special Committee on Un-American Activities,

Report, June 25, 1942, p. 16; also cited in Reports of January 3, 1939, p. 82; January 3, 1941, p. 21; June 25, 1942, p. 16 and Harch 29, 1944, p. 102)

- (h) "Launched during August of 193h and for about 7 years ***
 one of the most influential front organizations ever
 established by the American Communist Party."
 (California Committee on Un-American Activities,
 Report 1948, p. 179)
- (5) "The purpose of the Young Communist League in controlling and building this American Youth Congress is the same as in its other youth groups, namely, to build up a united front, to push the objective of and produce cadres for the Communist Party among persons to whom they would be unable to make a direct approach."

 (Massachusetts House Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1938, pg. 525.)
- (6) Cited as "subversive and un-American."
 (Special Subcommittee of the House Committee on Appropriations, Report, April 21, 1943, p. 3.)
- (7) Cited as a Communist front.

 (Pennsylvania Commonwealth Counsel before the reviewing board of the Philadelphia County Board of Assistance, January 1942.)
- 2. The American Law Student Association was affiliated with the <u>United Students Peace Cormittee</u> of 3h7 Madison Avenue, New York City.
 - (1) "The American Student Union *** announced that it set up the 'front' novement, the United Student Peace Committee, in 1938, which has brought into its front 17 national youth organizations."

 (Special Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, January 3, 1939, p. 80)
- 3. The American Law Students Association was affiliated with the American League Against War and Fascism
 - (1) Cited as subversive and Communist.

 (Attorney General Tom Clark, letters to Loyalty
 Review Board, released December 1, 1917, and
 September 21, 1918.)
 - (2) A "Communist-front organization."

 (Attorney General Francis Biddle, in re Harry Bridges, Hay 28, 1942, p. 10)
 - (3) "Established in the United States in an effort to create public sentiment on behalf of a foreign policy adapted to the interests of the Soviet Union."

 (Attorney General Francis Biddle, Congressional Record, September 24, 1942, p. 7683)
 - (4) "The American League Against War and Fascism was organized at the First United States Congress Against War which was held in New York City, September 29 to October 1, 1933. Four years later at Pittsburgh, November 26-28, 1937, the name of the organization was changed to the American League for Peace and Democracy.***It remained as completely under the control of Communists when the name was changed as it had been before."

 (Special Committee on Un-American Activities, Papert Moreh 29, 30th, p. 53, place cited in

Report Enrch 29, 1944, p. 53; also cited in Reports, January 3, 1939, pp. 69 and 121; January 3, 1940, p. 10; June 25, 1942, p. 14.)

- (California Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1943, p. 91.)
- (6) "The Communist Party has, since the inception of the League, been a component and controlling part of it." William Z. Foster, chairman of the Communist Party, admitted his party was "a vital factor" in the League. (Massachusetts House Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1938, pp. 298 and 460.)
- Cooperated with the Communist Party in defense of Morris U. Schappes, Party member convicted of perjury. (Rapp-Coudert Committee, Report, 1942, p. 293.)
- (8) "The American League against War and Fascism, predecessor of the American League for Peace and Democracy, both described by Earl Browder as Communist transmission belts."

(New York City Council Committee investigating the Municipal Civil Service Commission.)

The American Law Student's Association utilized the Communist Party print shop known as the Prompt Press, using union label 209.

CHIMA AID COUNCIL (Firs. Jessup member of Executive Committee)

- 1. "Cited as a Communist front and a subsidiary organization of the American League for Peace and Democracy." (California Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1948, pp. 151, 319, and 336.)
- 2. "Cited as a 'subsidiary' of the American League for Peace and Democracy." (Special Congressional Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, Report, June 25, 1942, p. 16)

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as a typical file covering those individuals whose cases were given to the Senate by Senator McCarthy. The name of the individual involved was deleted because of the position that McCarthy has always taken that no individual should be publicly named until he has had the opportunity to present his defense. The names of informants have also been deleted as well as all other information which might in any way hamper further investigation by the F.B.I.

121-23278-240

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 26 Page 22 ~ Referral/Direct Page 23 ~ Referral/Direct Page 24 ~ Referral/Direct Page 25 ~ Referral/Direct Page 26 ~ Referral/Direct Page 27 ~ Referral/Direct Page 28 ~ Referral/Direct Page 29 ~ Referral/Direct Page 30 ~ Referral/Direct Page 31 ~ Referral/Direct Page 32 ~ Referral/Direct Page 33 ~ Referral/Direct Page 34 ~ Referral/Direct Page 35 ~ Referral/Direct Page 36 ~ Referral/Direct Page 37 ~ Referral/Direct Page 38 ~ Referral/Direct Page 39 ~ Referral/Direct Page 40 ~ Referral/Direct Page 41 ~ Referral/Direct Page 42 ~ Referral/Direct Page 43 ~ Referral/Direct

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